



외국어(영어) 영역

11. 다음 그림의 상황에 가장 적절한 대화를 고르시오.



- ①
- ②
- ③
- ④
- ⑤

12. 다음 말을 듣고, 무엇에 관한 방송인지 고르시오.

- ① 환경 오염 방지
- ② 노약자 건강
- ③ 임시 휴교
- ④ 산불 예방
- ⑤ 프로그램 개편

13. 대화를 듣고, 남자의 마지막 말에 대한 여자의 응답으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

Woman : \_\_\_\_\_

- ① Great! Where is that movie playing?
- ② Sure! What would you recommend?
- ③ I often read books at night.
- ④ Well, I respect my science teacher.
- ⑤ It's been years since we last met.

14. 대화를 듣고, 여자의 마지막 말에 대한 남자의 응답으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

Man : \_\_\_\_\_

- ① No, you didn't lend it to me.
- ② I promise to bring it back next time.
- ③ I didn't know you were so forgetful.
- ④ No, I don't want to be alone.
- ⑤ I checked out a book from the library.

15. 대화를 듣고, 여자의 마지막 말에 대한 남자의 응답으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

Man : \_\_\_\_\_

- ① Please don't interrupt.
- ② Sorry to bother you.
- ③ She must be excited to play soccer.
- ④ How much do I owe you?
- ⑤ I'm glad to have you in our club.

16. 다음 상황 설명을 듣고, 빈 칸에 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오. [2 점]

Su-mi : Excuse me. \_\_\_\_\_

- ① Who's calling, please?
- ② How can I send this postcard?
- ③ What time do you have?
- ④ Where is the subway station?
- ⑤ When does the train leave?

17. 다음 말을 듣고, 빈 칸에 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

In conclusion, \_\_\_\_\_.

- ① traffic accidents cost too much
- ② automobiles are responsible for air pollution
- ③ you should think of others when driving
- ④ we cannot drive without traffic signals
- ⑤ you are not allowed to talk while driving

이제 듣기·말하기 문제는 다 끝났습니다. 18번부터는 문체지의 지시에 따라 답을 하기 바랍니다.

18. 다음 글을 쓴 목적으로 가장 적절한 것은?

As you know, I have lived in this apartment for the last ten years and the lease has been renewed three times. The rent has risen each time, but always until now, by a reasonable amount. One hundred percent, though, is an absolute scandal, and I am not prepared to pay such a large increase. It is wrong to ask the tenants to pay a large increase when nothing has been done to improve the condition of the apartments. In fact, the front entrance is a disgrace. I am sure it is hardly ever cleaned.

- ① 항의
- ② 감사
- ③ 사과
- ④ 문안
- ⑤ 추천

19. 다음 글에서 여자가 카드를 읽고 나서 느끼는 감정으로 가장 적절한 것은? [1 점]

There was a kind woman—by no means well off—who, in a hot Christmas rush, made a last attempt to catch up. Seeing a box of 50 identical greeting cards in a shop, she snapped it up, carried it home, and signed 49 cards before midnight. She posted them the next morning, and gave a sigh of relief. Then she opened her one remaining card, and found these words printed on it: *This little card is just to say a gift from me is on the way.*

- ① 후련하다
- ② 행복하다
- ③ 편안하다
- ④ 섭섭하다
- ⑤ 황당하다



## 외국어(영어) 영역

26. Mathematics includes many different kinds of algebraic expressions to solve problem. An equation with two unknown quantities, for instance, is written  $x+y=20$ . If there is no condition given to the problem, this equation has many possible solutions, such as  $x=14$  and  $y=6$ ;  $x=12$  and  $y=8$ ; and so on. However, when a further condition is given, the possible number of solutions can be reduced. For example, if the condition says that  $x$  and  $y$  are identical,  $x$  and  $y$  must each equal \_\_\_\_\_ . [1점]

- ① 6      ② 8      ③ 10      ④ 14      ⑤ 20

27. We need more effective ways to ensure that every citizen can fully exercise the right to secure private information. We must protect citizens against the compiling of personal data and the unrestricted use and distribution of such data. The capacity to store and distribute information has increased through the use of computers and other devices. Thus, personal information has been collected and distributed without control, causing harm to the right to \_\_\_\_\_ .

- ① publicity      ② residence      ③ religion  
④ union      ⑤ privacy

28. Common sense aside, the most important asset in business is a sense of humor, an ability to laugh at yourself or the situation. Laughter is the most powerful and constructive force for calming tension. If you can point out what is humorous or absurd about a situation and ease the tension by getting the other party to share your feeling, you will have the upper hand. There are very few absolutes in business. This is one of them, and I've never seen it \_\_\_\_\_ .

- ① fail      ② matter      ③ grow  
④ laugh      ⑤ follow

29. Some people can learn a foreign language just by hearing it, and then trying to speak it. Other people have to read it and write it in order to learn it. So some people use their ears more, and others use their eyes more to learn new things. Take another example. I can't learn how to use a computer just by reading an instruction manual. But many people seem to learn how to use a computer just by reading the manual. In short, \_\_\_\_\_ .

- ① we had better buy a computer  
② computer manuals are difficult to read  
③ you should read the instructions  
④ people learn things in different ways  
⑤ foreign languages are necessary

30. 다음 글에서 연주자와 여학생이 "My hands are tired"라고 말한 이유를 바르게 짝지은 것은? [1점]

A schoolgirl went to a famous musician's concert. The concert lasted for an hour. When it was over, she applauded his passionate performance and clapped for a long time. Then at the stage door the girl asked the violinist for his autograph. "Sorry, not now," he replied impatiently. "My hands are tired." Instead of taking offense, the schoolgirl replied, "My hands are tired, too!" This witty remark defeated the musician. So she got the autograph. and the two parted good friends!

- | 연주자의 이유      | 여학생의 이유          |
|--------------|------------------|
| ① 박수를 열렬히 쳐서 | ..... 사인을 거절당해서  |
| ② 사인을 많이 해서  | ..... 열심히 연주해서   |
| ③ 열심히 연주해서   | ..... 너무 오래 기다려서 |
| ④ 열심히 연주해서   | ..... 박수를 열렬히 쳐서 |
| ⑤ 사인을 많이 해서  | ..... 너무 오래 기다려서 |

31. 다음 글에서 광고되고 있는 것으로 가장 적절한 것은?

We are proud to present MUSE—a new name for classical music, low in price, but offering you real value for your money. The state-of-the-art, legendary recordings feature world-renowned artists and orchestras. Each disc includes a brief introduction to the artist and some interesting information which gives guidance in discovering more about classical music. Color coding by musical genre further assists in the choice of purchase. Welcome to MUSE—a fresh approach to classical music.

\* state-of-the-art : 최고 수준의

- ① 고전 음악 음반      ② 음악 잡지      ③ 레코드 회사  
④ 컴퓨터 부품      ⑤ 대중 음악 공연

[32~33] 다음 글의 요지로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

32. There is no doubt that our education does not meet high standards in such basic skills as mathematics and language. And we realize that our youngsters are ignorant of Latin, put Mussolini in the same category as Dostoevski, and cannot recite the Periodic Table by heart. Would we, however, prefer to fill the developing minds of our children with hundreds of geometry problems or the names of all the rivers in the world? Do we really want to frustrate their opportunities for self-expression?

\* the Periodic Table : 주기율표      \* geometry : 기하학

- ① 언어 교육은 중요하다.      ② 교육 불평등을 해소하자.  
③ 주입식 교육은 피하자.      ④ 윤리 교육이 필요하다.  
⑤ 교육 재정을 확충하자.

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33. Thomas Jefferson once said that what matters is the courage of one's convictions. Do you have the courage which comes from the sincere conviction that you are a person of sound character, an honest, dependable, kind, and caring person? If you do, you will never have to worry about what others think of you. If you know in your heart that you are a good and decent person, you can meet life's challenges head-on and without fear of what others think. [2 점]

- ① 알수록 겸손하라.                      ② 다수의 의견을 따르라.
- ③ 바쁠수록 침착하라.                    ④ 소신있게 행동하라.
- ⑤ 장래를 계획하라.

[34~35] 다음 글의 주제로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

34. No one has to let errors of the past destroy his present or cloud his future. The glorious fact is that we can always have a new beginning. Naturally, a wise person will try to avoid feelings of guilt by avoiding the acts that cause them. He will look and exercise his moral judgment before he leaps. But if he does something wrong, he must accept his errors frankly, make an effort to obtain forgiveness, and make compensation if that is possible. Then he can go his way with an untroubled mind.

- ① 실수에 대한 대처                      ② 운동에 대한 인식
- ③ 타인에 대한 용서                      ④ 역사에 대한 판단
- ⑤ 보상에 대한 기대

35. My belief is that all music has an expressive power, some more and some less, but that all music has a certain meaning behind the notes. That meaning constitutes what the piece is saying. This whole problem can be stated quite simply by asking, "Is there a meaning to music?" My answer to that would be, "Yes." And "Can you state in so many words what the meaning is?" My answer to that would be, "No." Therein lies the difficulty.

- ① 작사의 기법                      ② 음악의 의미                      ③ 작곡의 과정
- ④ 악보의 구성                      ⑤ 표현의 자유

36. 다음 글에서 밑줄 친 "it's been dry"의 의미로 가장 적절한 것은?

Betty was at her niece's wedding recently. She wrote to me all about the great day, adding that the minister told some funny stories at the party. Among them was the tale of a priest who called on a member, and mentioned he hadn't seen her in church recently. "No," she said, "it's been awfully wet lately." The priest smiled. "But, Miss Smith," he reminded her, "it's dry in the church." "Too true, it's been dry," replied Miss Smith, "especially the sermons!"

- ① 피부가 꺼칠했다.                      ② 재미가 없었다.
- ③ 비가 새지 않았다.                      ④ 빨래가 말랐다.
- ⑤ 날씨가 건조했다.

37. 다음 글에 묘사된 상황이 주는 느낌으로 가장 적절한 것은?

The smiling landscape of last summer is gone. There is neither the smell of the warm grass nor the scent of flowers and pines. The sun is setting. The flat land now rolls away to the horizon with the sky pressing down like a dark blanket. I scan the village, and there is no sign of movement. The whole village looks deserted. I find myself alone in the midst of isolation. Only occasional gusts of wind stir broken boughs and dust, threatening to blow away everything.

- ① noisy and busy                      ② exciting and festive
- ③ funny and humorous                    ④ lonely and gloomy
- ⑤ romantic and passionate

[38~39] 다음 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

38. The Ndembu people of Central Africa believe that illness is often the result of the anger of a relative, friend, or enemy towards the patient. This emotion, they say, causes a tooth to enter the body of the patient and create disease. The healer calls together the victim's relatives and friends to watch a ceremony, at the end of which he "removes" the tooth from the patient's throat, arm, leg, etc. Although the patient and the villagers know what has happened—that the tooth has been hidden inside the healer's mouth the whole time, the patient is often cured.

- ① The Anger of the African Peoples
- ② The Dentist of the Ndembu Villagers
- ③ The Enemies of the Ndembu People
- ④ The Kinds of Diseases in Central Africa
- ⑤ The Healing Ceremony of the Ndembu People

39. Have you heard the saying : "A problem shared is a problem halved"? If you keep your problem to yourself, it can seem a great deal worse than it really is. If you talk to somebody about your problem, you can come to see it in a different light. Putting an emotion into words and saying it out loud often helps. Also, you will sometimes find that the person you talk to can convince you that there is really nothing to worry about at all. [2 점]

- ① Sharing of Your Problems
- ② Difficulties of Keeping Promises
- ③ Aspects of Your Emotions
- ④ Understanding of Friendships
- ⑤ Effects of Critical Words

## 외국어(영어) 영역

40. 다음은 어느 회사의 설문지(questionnaire)회수율을 표로 나타낸 것이다. 표의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은? [1 점]

	Questionnaires Sent	Questionnaires Returned	Return Rate
Male	50	33	66%
Female	50	27	54%
Total	100	60	60%

- ① A total of 100 questionnaires were sent out for the survey.  
 ② More than two-thirds of the questionnaires were returned by the female respondents.  
 ③ A greater number of questionnaires were received from men than from women.  
 ④ An equal number of questionnaires were sent out to males and females.  
 ⑤ There was a 60 percent return rate on the total number of questionnaires that were sent out.

41. Sam 에 관한 설명이 글의 내용과 일치하는 것은?

Since Sam has never been unhappy with his occupation, he cannot understand the attitude of those who have no desire to take up any occupation. He has been selling groceries for over forty years. When he first started his job in the 1930's, work of any type was almost impossible to find. A job, however unpleasant or poorly paid, was a man's most precious possession. Losing it was a disaster, not looking for another one, a shame. Not wanting to work at all was unthinkable.

- ① 30년 동안 식료품 장사를 했다.  
 ② 현재 보석상을 하고 있다.  
 ③ 자신의 직업에 만족하고 있다.  
 ④ 사업에 실패를 거듭했다.  
 ⑤ 1940년대에 장사를 시작했다.

42. 필자에 관한 설명이 글의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?

My passion for books continued throughout my life. It had to meet a big challenge when, at the age of twenty-five, I moved to New York. Because I had almost no money, I was forced to leave all my books in Brazil. Besides, I didn't know enough English to read. For some years I had to live without books, my lovers. But my love for books was so strong that I overcame even this obstacle. I learned to read in English, and was finally able to enjoy my favorite authors again.

- ① 뉴욕에서 살았다.                      ② 영어를 배웠다.  
 ③ 독서광이었다.                        ④ 약혼자가 있었다.  
 ⑤ 가난하게 살았다.

43. 다음 글의 흐름으로 보아, 밑줄 친 부분 중 어법상 자연스럽게 못한 것은? [1 점]

① Starting up a store requires as much as \$200,000. Raising that kind of money is difficult ② for someone without a business record because ③ the flow of venture capital has dried up. In 1996, ④ the amount of venture capital fell 53% from the previous year, to \$202 million. This year ⑤ the numbers expect to show a steeper decline.

44. 다음 글 바로 앞에 올 수 있는 내용으로 가장 적절한 것은?

For every plus, however, there is a minus. For one thing, you might have a job, but unless it is very well-paid, you will not be able to afford many things because living in a city is often very expensive. What is more, public transportation is sometimes crowded and dirty, particularly in the rush hour. Last of all, despite all the crowds, it is still possible to feel very lonely in a city.

- ① 출·퇴근의 문제점                      ② 도시 생활의 장점  
 ③ 전원 생활의 고독감                    ④ 고비용의 문제점  
 ⑤ 농촌 생활의 장점

45. 다음 글 바로 뒤에 올 수 있는 내용으로 가장 적절한 것은?

Money is merely a convenient medium of exchange—nothing more and nothing less. Before its invention, mankind used the barter system of trading objects for other objects or services. One pig might have been worth five chickens in trade; a week's labor might have yielded one goat, and so on. Can you imagine the problems of carrying around enough livestock or grain to do one's weekly shopping? The barter system worked well until people started to move about more and to greater distances.

- ① 편리한 교환 수단의 출현              ② 심각한 도시 교통난  
 ③ 육체 노동의 가치                        ④ 가축 사육 방법의 변천  
 ⑤ 원거리 통신 장비의 문제점

46. 다음 글에서 전체 흐름과 관계 없는 문장은?

In 1610, Galileo looked through his telescope at the sun and saw something that surprised him. ① He expected to see a smooth yellow ball. ② But what appeared in the telescope looked more like large black spots. ③ Sunspots can change the weather, too, by increasing the amount of ozone. ④ He could never explain what they were, although he watched them often. ⑤ Sunspots are almost as much of a mystery now as in Galileo's time.

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47. 다음은 두 사람이 주고 받은 팩스 전송문들이다. 전송된 순서대로 가장 잘 배열한 것은?

- (A) Sorry to hear about your difficulty. I think I can change my schedule. What about 12 o'clock tomorrow? Please let me know if this is okay with you.
- (B) It looks as if I won't be able to make this afternoon's meeting. I've just heard on the news that the airport is closed because of the fog. Can we meet tomorrow instead? Sorry about the inconvenience.
- (C) You are so understanding. Thank you. I'll try and catch the early flight tomorrow. I'm sure I can be with you by 12:00.

- ① (C)-(B)-(A)                      ② (B)-(C)-(A)
- ③ (A)-(B)-(C)                      ④ (B)-(A)-(C)
- ⑤ (C)-(A)-(B)

48. 다음 글의 내용을 한 문장으로 요약하고자 한다. 빈 칸 (A)와 (B)에 가장 적절한 것끼리 짝지은 것은?

When I learned how to drive, my father took me around our neighborhood to let me get a feel for the huge car we owned. The quiet, narrow streets of the neighborhood witnessed the blunders of yet another new driver: too-wide (or too-narrow) turns, sudden stops, damage to the low-hanging trees by the radio antenna, and driving on the wrong side of the street to avoid the parked cars on the right side. Through it all, my father gave words of advice and support with patience.



My father (A) me all the time when I made (B) in learning how to drive.

- |              |       |          |
|--------------|-------|----------|
| (A)          |       | (B)      |
| ① scolded    | ..... | mistakes |
| ② criticized | ..... | progress |
| ③ warned     | ..... | turns    |
| ④ encouraged | ..... | mistakes |

⑤ praised                      .....                      progress

49. 글의 흐름으로 보아 주어진 문장이 들어가기에 가장 적절한 곳은?

Observers, on the other hand, are informed and appreciative.

There is a difference between being an onlooker and being a true observer of art. ( ① ) Onlookers just walk by a work of art, letting their eyes record it while their minds are elsewhere. ( ② ) They have no true appreciation of art. ( ③ ) They have spent the time and energy to make art meaningful to themselves. ( ④ ) They don't simply exist side by side with art. ( ⑤ ) They are aware of its existence in even the smallest part of their daily life.

[50~51] 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

This year, world grain production is likely to set historic records, permitting some rebuilding of world food stockpiles. India, once written off as a hopeless case, has almost tripled its food production in the last 30 years. Laborers in Russia expect a regular portion of meat, and Chinese peasants no longer suffer from the famines that in the past have swept over the land.

Despite the real progress, however, there are still more hungry people in world than ever before—both in absolute numbers and as a percentage of total world population. The rising cost of food has contributed to this situation.

By most estimates, more than 500 million people—roughly one out of every nine—suffer from serious malnutrition today, compared with 100 million to 200 million—one out of every 14 to 25 people—in the 1950's.

\* stockpile : 비축량

50. 윗글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은?

- ① Food Shortage in Asia
- ② World Food Supply Problem
- ③ World Population Explosion
- ④ Food Policy Research Institute
- ⑤ International Food Security Reserve

51. 윗글의 내용과 일치하는 것은?

- ① 인도의 곡물 생산은 2 배로 증가했다.
- ② 세계적으로 식량의 수급이 원만하다.
- ③ 풍작으로 곡물가가 하락하였다.
- ④ 영양 실조 인구는 줄어들었다.
- ⑤ 중국의 농부는 기아에서 해방되었다.

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[52~53] 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하십시오.

The early volunteers worked alone and did hard and unpleasant tasks. They devoted themselves to hours of unpaid work for the poor and helpless, never minding that few appreciated what they were doing for society. Up until about two decades ago, they had seldom received funds from the government or private organizations. This was so mainly because society paid little attention to their activities or achievements.

Then, in the last ten to fifteen years, changes in society brought about a transformation of volunteerism. In the first place, more people and organizations wanted to be involved in helping solve social problems out of their love for humanity. Volunteers grew in number, organized themselves, and became professional. Secondly, society as a whole began to place a great value on the experience or training that comes from volunteer work. Many employers, for instance, are now looking for would-be workers with training. So those seeking a job—the young and the unskilled—realize that the best way to get hired is to acquire some \_\_\_\_\_ from volunteer work. The result has been a considerable increase in the number of volunteers in recent years.

52. 윗글의 빈 칸에 가장 적절한 것은?

- ① experience
- ② friendships
- ③ money
- ④ charity
- ⑤ languages

53. 윗글에 나타난 자원 봉사에 대한 사회적 인식의 변화를 가장 바르게 표시한 것은?

- | From          | → | To          |
|---------------|---|-------------|
| ① negative    | → | indifferent |
| ② positive    | → | indifferent |
| ③ positive    | → | negative    |
| ④ indifferent | → | positive    |
| ⑤ indifferent | → | negative    |

[54~55] 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하십시오.

(A)

You drive through a town and see a drunken man on the sidewalk. A few blocks further on you see another. You turn to your companion: "Nothing but drunks in this town!" Soon you are out in the country, driving at 80 kilometers per hour. A car passes you as if you were parked. On a curve a second whizzes by. Your companion turns to you: "All the drivers in this state are crazy!" Here we start at the fact level properly enough, but we do not stay there. A case or two and on we go to an over-simplification about drunks and speeders.

(B)

I try very hard to overcome my prejudice, because I realize it limits me. Several years ago, I judged a classmate by her strange appearance and possibly missed the chance to make a good friend. Now, I no longer judge people according to what is on the outside, but instead pay attention to what is on the inside. I have widened my horizons to include many delightful people whom I might have never known if I had maintained my original judgment.

54. 윗글 (A)와 (B)를 통하여 얻을 수 있는 교훈으로 가장 적절한 것은?

- ① 난폭한 운전을 고발하자.
- ② 친구를 골라 사귀자.
- ③ 판단을 신중하게 하자.
- ④ 용모를 단정히 하자.
- ⑤ 창의적인 사고력을 키우자.

55. 윗글 (A)의 밑줄 친 A case 에 상응하는 단어를 (B)에서 고른다면, 가장 적절한 것은?

- |              |             |
|--------------|-------------|
| ① chance     | ② attention |
| ③ horizons   | ④ years     |
| ⑤ appearance |             |

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